

AspectJ 5 & Spring

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- Annotation-based development style

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AspectJ 5

- AspectJ release compatible with Java 5:
 - Generic types in pointcuts
 - Generic aspects
 - Variable arguments in pointcuts
 - Auto-boxing/unboxing in dynamic pointcuts
 - **Annotations in pointcuts**
 - **Annotation-based development style**

Annotations

- Good pointcut (observer protocol):

- `set(* Point.*)`

- Fragile pointcut (caching):

- `call(String X.a()) || call(Object Y.b*(..)) || call(* C.*(*)) ..`

- Solution: annotations

- `@Cachable`

Caching

- Annotations to tag methods that could be cached
- `@Cacheable(timeToLive=500)`

```
pointcut enableCaching(Cachable c) : call(* *(..)) &&  
    @annotation(c) && if(c.timeToLive()>treshold);
```

Annotations & Pointcuts

- Pointcuts can reason on the presence of annotations
- Examples:
 - **within**(@Secure *)
 - **call**(@Cachable *.*(..))
 - **handler**(!@Catastrophic *)

Annotations & Pointcuts

- Allows new style of aspect application based on semantic tags
- Solves possibly fragile pointcuts
 - e.g. `execution(* a()) || execution (* b())`
 - becomes `call(@Cachable *.*(..))`
- Base code is no longer oblivious
- BUT base code is no longer oblivious!

Annotation-based development style

- AspectJ aspects in pure Java
- Uses annotations to specify non-Java constructs
- Weaving can happen at load-time or at linking time
- Advantages:
 - A java compiler suffices
 - Integrates better with existing toolchain/IDE
 - There is no official new language

Example

- The following AspectJ pointcut:

- `pointcut anyCall() : call(* *.*(..));`

- Translates to:

- `@Pointcut("call(* *.*(..))") void anyCall() { }`

Pointcuts

//Pointcut arguments:

```
@Pointcut("call(* *.*(int)) && args(i) && target(callee)")  
void someCall(int i, Foo callee) {}
```

//If pointcut:

```
@Pointcut("call(* *.*(int)) && args(i) && if()")  
public static boolean someCallWithIfTest(int i) {  
    return i > 0;  
}
```

//Abstract pointcut

```
@Pointcut("")  
protected abstract void toOverrideInSubclass();
```

Advice

//Simple Advice

```
@Before("execution(* *.*(..))")
void anyExec() {
    logger.info("Something happened");
}
```

//Advice with arguments

```
@After("execution(* *.*(..)) && target(myTarget)")
public void anyExec(Object myTarget) {
    logger.info("Something happend on "+ myTarget);
}
```

//Advice with joinpoint reflection

```
@After("execution(* *.*(..)) && target(myTarget)")
public void anyExec(JoinPoint thisJoinPoint, Object myTarget) {
    logger.info(thisJoinPoint.getSignature()+" happened on "+
        myTarget);
}
```

Advice (2)

//Around Advice

```
@Around("execution(@Idempotent void *.*(..))")
public Object skipMethod(ProceedingJoinPoint thisJoinPoint) {
    Object result = null;
    if(!hasAlreadyExecuted) {
        hasAlreadyExecuted=true;
        result = thisJoinPoint.proceed();
    }
    return result;
}
```

Advice (3)

//Pointcut-Advice Binding

```
@Pointcut("call(* *.*(..)) && @annotation(info) && if()")
protected static boolean cachableMethods(Cachable info) {
    return info.timeToLive()>treshold;
}
```

```
@Around("cachableMethods(info)")
public Object cache(ProceedingJoinPoint thisJoinPoint, Cachable
info) {
    Object result = getFromCache(thisJoinPoint);
    if(result==null) {
        result= thisJoinPoint.proceed();
        storeInCache(thisJoinPoint,result,info.timeToLive());
    }
    return result;
}
```

Limitations

- Types have to be fully referenced in pointcuts
 - NOT: `@Pointcut("call(* List.*(..))")`
 - BUT: `@Pointcut("call(* java.util.List.*(..))")`
- Limited intertype declarations
- No privileged aspects

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 - Annotation-based development style
- **AspectJ-Spring integration**
 - Short Spring intro
 - Dependency injection of AspectJ aspects
 - Domain specific aspects & library aspects

Spring: very short intro

- Very popular J2EE application framework
- Plain POJO beans instead of heavy-weight EJB
- Dependency injection instead of lookup
- Abstraction layers for external APIs (e.g. transaction management)
- Integrates well with third-party frameworks (e.g. Struts)
- Compatible with a large range of application servers
- Excellent documentation

Spring: very short intro

//Plain POJO Component

```
public class MyService {
    private IMailService mailService;
    public void register() {
        ....
        mailService.sendMail(address,"registration successful");
    }
}
```

//Spring configuration:

```
<beans>
    <bean id="mailServiceC" class="org.vub.mytool.MyMail">
        <property name="host" value="smtp.vub.ac.be"/>
    </bean>
    <bean id="myService" class="org.vub.mytool.MyService">
        <property name="mailService" ref="mailServiceC"/>
    </bean>
</beans>
```

Spring and AOP

- Spring explicitly supports AspectJ AOP
- Aspects can be configured like normal Spring components (dependency injection)
- Supported syntax:
 - XML-based definition
 - AspectJ language
 - AspectJ annotation-based development style
 - Domain Specific Languages for e.g. Transaction Management
- Aspect library

Spring AOP Weavers

- AspectJ weaver or built-in Spring weaver
- Built-in Spring weaver:
 - No external tools
 - Weaving happens automatically
 - Proxy-based:
 - only weaving on configured beans
 - as such domain classes are typically excluded from weaving
 - Only supports execution pointcuts
 - No call, field set, field get etc...

Spring/AOP

Syntax & Weavers

	AspectJ Language	AspectJ Annotation Style	XML Definition	DSL
Spring Weaver	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
AspectJ Weaver	Yes	Yes	No	No

Spring/AOP

Syntax & Weavers

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Spring/AOP: case study

- Event Registration Tool
- Three aspects:
 - Transaction Management (DSL)
 - Discount Business Rule (Annotation-Style)
 - Dependency Injecting Domain Objects (Library Aspect)

SSEL's Online Event Registration Tool

Welcome test

These are the available events:

Event Date	Event Name	Event Website	Registration
25/01/07	Industry Day Event	Go to event website	Register for this event Company-wide registration
27/02/07	AspectJ5 and Spring Training Day	Go to event website	Register for this event Company-wide registration
26/04/07	JBoss training day	Go to event website	Register for this event Company-wide registration

These are your registrations:

Event Date	Event Name	Participants	Total price (in euro)
------------	------------	--------------	-----------------------

Note: in order to alter or cancel registrations, please inquire with the event's contact person. Whether cancelations/alterations are allowed depends on the specific policy of each event.

Spring AOP: DSL Aspect

//Standard Spring XML Aspect definition

```
<aop:config>  
  <aop:pointcut id="serviceOperation"  
    expression="execution(* regtool.service.*(..))"/>  
  <aop:advisor advice-ref="txAdvice"  
    pointcut-ref="serviceOperation"/>  
</aop:config>
```

//Domain specific transaction management advice

```
<tx:advice id="txAdvice" transaction-manager="txManager">  
  <tx:attributes>  
    <tx:method name="get*" read-only="true"/>  
    <tx:method name="*" />  
  </tx:attributes>  
</tx:advice>
```

Discount Business Rule

- Registration for two events allows a discount
- Not anticipated
- Crosscuts the service, domain and presentation layers

Discount Business Rule

//Injecting discount info into Domain Objects

```
@DeclareParents(value="regtool.model.AbstractRegistration",
    defaultImpl=DefaultDiscountImpl.class)
private IDiscount discountInterface;
```

//Intercepting price computation to add discount

```
@Around(value="execution(* regtool.service.RegToolService.computeCost(..)
    && args(reg,user,event))")
public Object computePrice(ProceedingJoinPoint thisJoinPoint, AbstractRegistration
reg, User user, Event event) {
}..... //compute discount and add discount to reg domain object
}
```

//Inserting the discount in the view (Spring MVC Controllers)

```
@AfterReturning(
    value="execution(*
        org.springframework.web.servlet.mvc.AbstractFormController+.referenceData
        (javax.servlet.http.HttpServletRequest, java.lang.Object,..))
    && within(regtool.web.controller.*")
    && args(request,registration,..)",
    returning="referenceData"
)
public void insertDiscount(HttpServletRequest request,
    AbstractRegistration registration, Map referenceData) {
    IDiscount discount = (IDiscount) registration;
    if(discount!=null&&discount.hasDiscount())
        referenceData.put("discount", discount);
}
```

Discount Business Rule

//Spring Aspect Configuration (DI)

```
<bean id="discountAspect"  
    class="regtool.service.br.BulkDiscountAspect"  
    autowire="autodetect" factory-method="aspectOf">  
  <property name="discountPercentage" value="0.40"/>  
  <property name="viableEvents">  
    <list>  
      <value>1</value>  
      <value>2</value>  
    </list>  
  </property>  
  <property name="message" value="discount when  
    registering both the AspectJ and JBoss Training Days"  
  />  
</bean>
```

Discount Business Rule

```
//enabling the Spring Weaver (listing aspects only needed in
//    mixed AspectJ weaver/Spring weaver config)
<aop:aspectj-autoproxy>
  <include name="discountAspect"/>
  <include name="myOtherAspect"/>
</aop:aspectj-autoproxy>
```

```
//disabling the Spring Weaver for Discount Aspect
<aop:aspectj-autoproxy>
  <include name="myOtherAspect"/>
</aop:aspectj-autoproxy>
```

Dependency Injection of Domain Objects

- Dependency injection only for Spring managed beans
- Domain objects are typically managed by the ORM framework
- Spring ships with “AnnotationBeanConfigurerAspect”
 - @Configurable Domain Objects have dependency injection
 - Aspect intercepts constructor of domain object

AnnotationBean- ConfigurerAspect

```
//creation of any object that we want to be configured by Spring  
pointcut configuredObjectCreation(Object newInstance,  
    Configurable cAnnot)  
    : initialization((@Configurable *).new(..)) &&this(newInstance) &&  
    @this(cAnnot);
```

```
//ask Spring to configure the newly created instance  
after(Object newInstance, Configurable cAnnot) returning  
    : configuredObjectCreation(newInstance, cAnnot) {  
    String beanName = getBeanName(newInstance, cAnnot);  
    beanFactory.applyBeanPropertyValues(newInstance,beanName);  
}
```

....

Dependency Injection of Domain Objects

```
//Domain object implementation  
@Configurable("account")  
public class Account {  
    ...  
}
```

```
//Spring configuration  
<aop:spring-configured/>  
  
<bean id="account" class="com.xyz.myapp.domain.Account"  
    scope="prototype">  
    <property name="fundsTransferService" ref="transferBean"/>  
    ...  
</bean>
```

Dependency Injection of Domain Objects

```
//Domain object implementation with auto wiring  
@Configurable(autowire=Autowire.BY_TYPE,dependencyCheck=true)  
public class Account {  
    ...  
}
```

```
//Spring configuration with auto detection  
<aop:spring-configured/>
```

Common Practices

- Define reusable pointcuts

- e.g. Knowledge of system layers:

```
@Aspect
```

```
public class SystemArchitecture {
```

```
    @Pointcut("within(com.xyz.someapp.web..*)")  
    public static void inWebLayer() {}
```

```
    @Pointcut("within(com.xyz.someapp.service..*)")  
    public static void inServiceLayer() {}
```

```
    .....  
}
```

```
//Transactional Advice
```

```
@Around("execution(* *.*(..)) && SystemArchitecture.inServiceLayer()")
```

```
...
```


Conclusion

- AspectJ and Spring, a perfect match?!
- Annotation-based aspect development style provides greatest flexibility
- Pointcuts referring to annotations instead of fragile code features
- Spring aspect library too limited