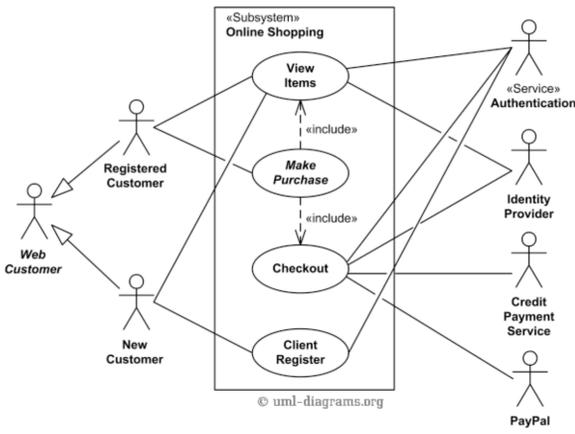
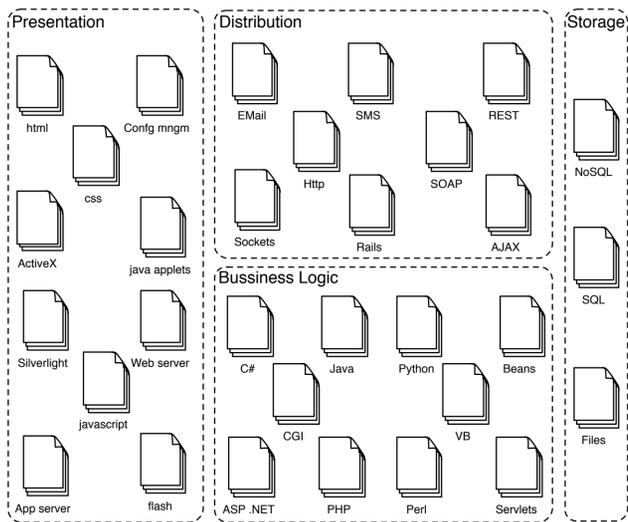
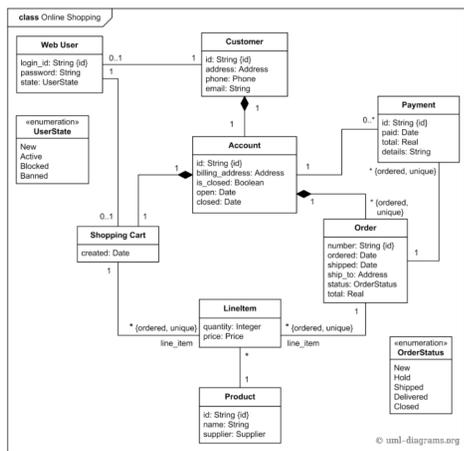


Traceability



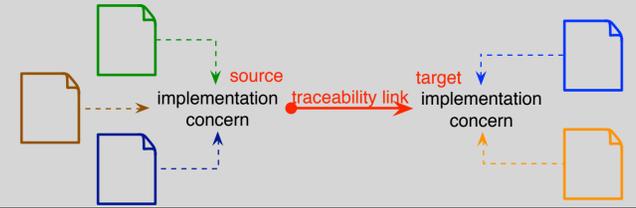
- ✓ There is a wide variety of software artefacts created along the development process.
- ✓ Maintaining their internal consistency is a time-consuming and error-prone task.
- ✓ Traceability allows you to link related artefacts.
- ✓ Maintaining traceability links can ensure the correct and complete propagation of changes (i.e., co-evolution).
- ✓ Research in vertical traceability (i.e., across artefacts at different layers of abstraction) focuses on reverse engineering these links, but this extraction is not always cost-effective (especially at a fine granularity level).



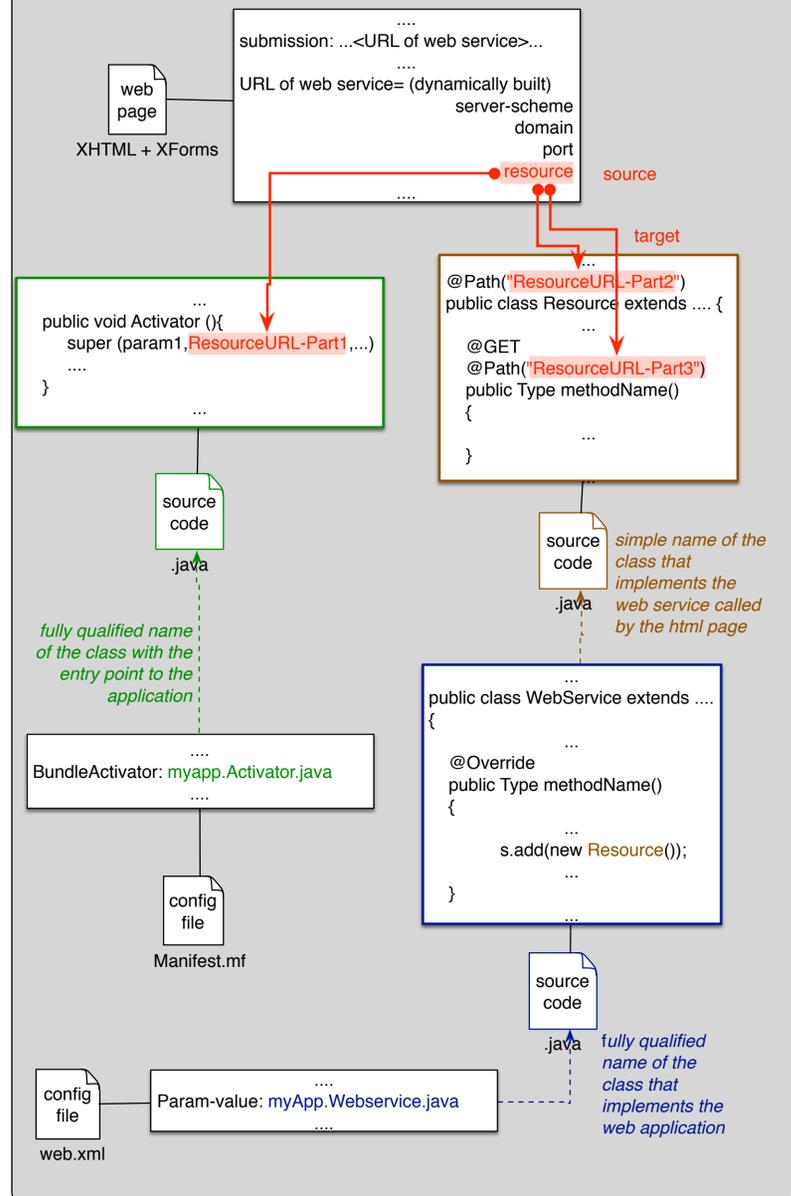
Horizontal traceability (i.e. across artefacts at the same level of abstraction) could provide a cost-effective mechanism to evolve complex applications.

Defining one traceability link

A traceability link describes an equivalence relation between 'implementation concerns' that must be synced.



For example,



Detecting source & target concerns

Source	Link status	Target
s-do-compare	--->	test.ResourceWebService.getCompare()
s-do-merge	--->	test.ResourceWebService.getMergeURI(f
s-revert	-X->	
s-get-workspace-name	-X->	

Validating links

```

@Path("v1")
public class ResourceWebService {
    @Path("get-compare-uri")
    public void getCompare()
    {
        System.out.println("dummy test method");
    }
}
    
```

Choosing interesting links

Source	Link status	Target
s-do-compare	--->	test.ResourceWebService.getCompare()
s-do-merge	--->	test.ResourceWebService.getMergeURI(final Strin
s-revert	-X->	
s-get-workspace-name	-X->	

Source	Link status	Target
s-do-merge	--->	test.ResourceWebService.getMergeURI(final S
s-do-compare	-X->	

